

Common Service Centres to increase cost for insurers

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Insurers using Common Service Centres (CSC) to sell products are likely to face cost pressures because the regulatory norms don't support the expenses associated with the CSC channel.

The Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (Irdai) had said insurance companies could tie up with CSCs to act as insurance brokers to sell life and general insurance policies. However, due to the expense management norms, insurers are not finding it cost-effective to enter into these tie-ups.

Anoop Pabby, managing director and CEO of DHFL Pramerica Life Insurance, said CSCs require huge economies of scale for the product to be offered at such a cost.

"The collection and remittance of premium itself costs more money than allowed by the regulator," he added. However, he said that with new payments banks coming into play, there might be a drastic reduction in transaction cost in that level. He added insurers would be looking to partner with some of these entities. CSCs are a part of the National e-Governance Plan. The Centre plans to roll out 100,000 CSCs across the country with a focus on rural areas. These CSCs are aimed at providing high quality and cost-effective video, voice and data content and services in the areas of e-governance, education, health, tele-medicine, entertainment and other private services.

The CSCs will offer web-enabled e-governance services in rural areas. They can offer application forms, certificates, and utility payments such as electricity, telephone and water bills. Some insurers including IndiaFirst Life, SBI Life and HDFC Life have products to cater to this channel.



IndiaFirst Life CSC Shubhlabh Plan is a non-linked, non-participating, variable insurance plan with a low annualised premium.

Similarly, SBI Life-CSC Saral Sanchay is an individual, non-linked, non-participating, variable insurance product. This plan can be purchased by any individual aged 18-60 years from an authorised CSC under the National e-Governance Plan. On the other hand, HDFC Life CSC Suraksha is a non-participating term insurance plan with annual premium as low as ₹112. The life cover/sum assured that the policyholder can opt for in this plan will range from ₹30,000 to ₹2 lakh.

Irdai had asked insurers to develop products to be marketed exclusively through CSCs and file these products with the regulator

for approval. In its guidelines on the CSC model, Irdai had said these products shouldn't have a sum assured exceeding ₹2 lakh (except motor insurance), per life or risk.

Kshiti Jain, managing director and CEO of Exide Life Insurance, explained that the cost of tying up with CSCs for an insurer would cross the expense limits stipulated by Irdai.

Although insurers agree that CSCs would be able to aid in deeper penetration of rural markets, they would only be selling simple products. A senior executive of a large private general insurance company said the insurance companies will have to devise specialised products for this channel.

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